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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/273,021	03/19/1999	HAROLD W. MILTON JR.	MILT.777	6459
7.	590 04/03/2002			
HAL MILTON			EXAMINER	
211 TOWNSEND BIRMINGHAM, MI 48009			YANG, GRANT C	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2176	
		DATE MAILED: 04/03/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

* 6		Application No.	App	licant(s)			
, ,	* .	09/273,021	MILT	ON, HAROLD W.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art l				
	•	Grant C Yang	2176	.			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
THE I - External exte	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REIMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIOnsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per reto reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state ply received by the Office later than three months after the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, how reply within the statutory mixed will apply and will expire tute. cause the application to	ever, may a reply be timely filed nimum of thirty (30) days will be SIX (6) MONTHS from the mail o become ABANDONED, (35 L)	considered timely. ing date of this communication. S.C. 8.133)			
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2	6 April 1999 .					
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠	This action is non-f	nal.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims							
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the applicat	ion.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
<u> </u>	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)[6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.						
	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9)[2]	The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	ian priority under 35	5 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) c	or (f)			
	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. (1).			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s	4)	Interview Summary (PTO-4 Notice of Informal Patent A Other:	113) Paper No(s) pplication (PTO-152)			
J.S. Patent and Tra PTO-326 (Rev		Action Summary		Part of Paper No. 5			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This Non-final rejection is responsive to Letter of Missing Parts filed 4/8/99, Small entity filed 4/26/99, and the preliminary amendment filed 4/26/99.

Specification 5 4 1

2. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because the word "fir" on line 1 should be "for". Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being 3. indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claims 1-20 the parenthesized numbers that are added in the independent claims and some of the dependent claims are confusing and indefinitely disclose the invention. If a step is in a number then properly disclose the step. Correction is required.

Regarding claim 9, it is unclear why abstract sentences are also taken from the DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT. For now it is ignored in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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5. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Newman, U.S. Patent No. 5,774,833, published Jun. 30, 1998 in view of Nehab, U.S. Patent No. 6,029,182, filed Oct. 4, 1996, published Feb. 22, 2000 and Manual of Patent Examining Procedure, 7th edition, published July 1998, herein known as MPEP.

Regarding independent claim 1, Newman discloses the word processing program to store information about the patent, as on column 6, lines 20-22, and having a page break before the CLAIMS heading, as on column 8, lines 20-21, and having a page break before the ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE heading, as on column 8, lines 20-21, making sure that dependent claims have antecedent basis on its prior or independent claims, as claim analysis results in the identification of what is known in the patent art as antecedent basis, as on column 4, lines 27-32, and storing a duplicate set of dependent claims, as Newman's system load's the patent application one section at a time into memory to be processed, as on column 3, lines 16-20. However, Newman does not expressly disclose having a document template, footer with attorney identification, or the exact format of the headings.

However, Nehab discloses that a predefined document templates exist, and you can have personalized templates either by editing existing templates or by creating new ones, as on column 8, lines 11-15. At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use a document template to store the format. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated

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to do this because it is notoriously well known in the art that templates are an easy way to store a specific layout of a document.

Nehab also discloses that the outputted formats can have headers and footers, as on column 24, line 53. However, Nehab does not expressly disclose that the footer information will contain the information of the attorney file identification. At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to add footer information. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because it is notoriously well known to put textual information that is repeated on every page to be placed in a footer.

Furthermore, the following guidelines, found in the MPEP under section 601, illustrate the preferred layout for the specification of a utility application. These guidelines are suggested for the applicant's use.

Arrangement of the Specification

As provided in 37 CFR 1.77(b), the specification of a utility application should include the following sections in order. Each of the lettered items should appear in upper case, without underlining or bold type, as a section heading. If no text follows the section heading, the phrase "Not Applicable" should follow the section heading:

- (a) TITLE OF THE INVENTION.
- (b) CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS.
- (c) STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT.
- (d) INCORPORATION-BY-REFERENCE OF MATERIAL SUBMITTED ON A COMPACT DISC (See 37 CFR 1.52(e)(5) and MPEP 608.05. Computer program listings (37 CFR 1.96(c)), "Sequence Listings" (37 CFR 1.821(c)), and tables having more than 50 pages of text are permitted to be submitted on compact discs.) or REFERENCE TO A "MICROFICHE APPENDIX" (See MPEP § 608.05(a). "Microfiche Appendices" were accepted by the Office until March 1, 2001.)
- (e) BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION.
 - (1) Field of the Invention.

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(2) Description of Related Art including information disclosed under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.

- (f) BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION.
- (g) BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING(S).
- (h) DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION.
- (i) CLAIM OR CLAIMS (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (j) ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (k) SEQUENCE LISTING (See MPEP § 2424 and 37 CFR 1.821-1.825. A "Sequence Listing" is required on paper if the application discloses a nucleotide or amino acid sequence as defined in 37 CFR 1.821(a) and if the required "Sequence Listing" is not submitted as an electronic document on compact disc).

Furthermore, the attorney's or agent's full post office address and other contact information must be given in every power of attorney, MPEP 601.02. At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have the document template formatted to that of the MPEP. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because document templates are essentially layouts that are pre-created, and a pair—template would want to have the layout specified by patent law.

Regarding dependent claim 2, it is wman discloses a patent analyzer program that determines correction for the tell and replacing the highlighted text, as on column 6, lines 56-62. However, Newron does not expressly disclose replacing the word "said" with the word "the" to create a grammatically correct sentence structure in the specification; however, the MPEP of closes that the abstract may not have legal phraseology like "means" and said," at an MPEP 608.01(b).

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to replace the v- ds in the specification to be grammatically

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correct and to have a correct format. Crop of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because a patent application should have the format and proper grammar as specified by patent law in the MPEP.

Regarding dependent claim 3, Noveman does not expressly disclose a direct copying of the claim and the summary; Fowever, Newman does disclose that the claims must have antecedent basis from the socification, as on column 13, lines 25-30. Furthermore, the replacement of "said" with "the" is rejected similarly above.

At the time the invention was marge, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use the independent claim in the SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION AND ADVANTAGES. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because it would sale much time, if the claims were written clearly, to simply use the independent claim. which is generally the broadest aspect of the invention, and have it rewritten in the specification.

Regarding dependent claims 4-7 dewman does not expressly disclose storing the first and second element names, ser ching for their occurrences, and selecting the numbers identifying the reference numbers and reference element names; however, Newman does disclose reading in the sections of the patent as disclosed above, and also teaches analysis to verify that sign as referenced agree with figures mentioned in the brief description section, as an column 8, lines 57-60.

At the time the invention was mains, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to store the reference numbers and match them up with their respective element names. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated

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to do this because it is important when verifying figures and references that they have the same format required by patent law. Which requires them to correctly match with element names and have proper an eccelent basis.

Regarding dependent claim S. Newman does not expressly disclose alternative phrasing of edit clauses of the duplicate set of claims; however, Newman does disclose the patent analyzer program can explose highlighted text that needs correction, as on column 6, lines 58-63.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to interspersing a pernative phrasing of edited clauses of the claims. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because a lot of the specification comes from the claims and vice versa, and if claims need correcting or editing then it would must be rely need to correlate with the specification in order to not lack an antecedent base.

Regarding dependent claim at Newman does not expressly disclose storing the abstract sentences retrieved from the Leading ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE; however, Newman discloses that the patent analyzer has its own working memory to store information and analyze the text, as on column 6, lines 20-25.

At the time the invention was the letter, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to store the interestion of the text; in particular, one would want to retrieve abstract sentences from under the heading ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because one would want to store the autyzing text to parse in a separate memory from

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the actual word processor program in order to have ease of version management.

Furthermore, one would want to gear abstract sentences from the ABSTRACT because by definition the sentences under the ACSTRACT heading are most likely sentences of the abstract.

Regarding dependent claim 10. Newman does not expressly disclose storing the reference numbers; however, as disclosed above Newman does disclose the patent analyzer program having its own monour and needing to store all the elements of the patent application, which includes the reference numbers imbedded in the specification and drawings. Furthermore, Newman closes not expressly disclose adding parenthesis around the reference numbers; however, the MPEP 608.01 (m) states that reference characters corresponding to element recited in the detailed description and the drawings may be used in conjuntation with the recitation of the same element or group of elements in the claims. The efference characters, however, should be enclosed within parentheses so as to avoid confusion with other numbers or characters which may appear in the claims.

At the time the invention was are a, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to add parent as 3 to the reference numbers in the claims and abstract. One of ordinary skill in the art could have been motivated to do this because as stated before it would be better to be parentheses around reference numbers, and furthermore if the template is for a patentage application one would want the layout to coincide with the patent laws as much a possible.

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Applications, and the Brief Descript in the Drawings. But as stated above, the

would have wanted to properly conform to the current edition of the MPEP.

Regarding dependent claim numbered figure elements in parag lines 1-4.

paragraph before the claims stating ... effect that the invention has many before the claims asserting that the Newman gives an example stating. above with reference to preferre ce will recognize that changes and a embodiments without departing (column 14, lines 39-44.

Regarding dependent claims 11: 4 and 16, Newman does not expressly disclose drafting sentences for the Technical Field, Prior Art, Summary of the Invention, Related specification requires having all the specifications are specification requires and the specification requires having all the specifications are specification requires and the specification requires having all the specifications are specification requires and the specification requires having all the specifications are specification requires and the specification requires are specification requires and the specification requires are specification requires and the specification requires are specification requires and the specification requi

At the time the invention was also a, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have the hour gs and their respective descriptive statements underneath the headings. One of cache by skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because in order to have an ate template for patent applications, one

> wman discloses verifying and identifying the of the detailed description, as on column 9,

Regarding dependent claim wman does not expressly disclose adding a modifications and variations; howered to have a paragraph ion is limited by the description described. e present invention has been described odiments. However, those skilled in the art cations may be made in these preferred he scope of the present invention, as on

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At the time the invention was an ordinary skill in the art to add a statem possible in light of the teachings. Case motivated to do this because it is not statement specifying the variability continuation.

asserting variations of the invention are ordinary skill in the art would have been sly well known in the art to include a invention in regards to the scope of the

computer directed to the limitations of a similarly rejected as above.

20 are a method and a computer program and abined limitations of claims 1-18 and are

6. Claim 17 are rejected unde ...

Newman in view of Nehab and the ...
in view of Hunter, U.S. Patent No...
2001.

P as applied to claim 14 above, and further ,327, filed Mar. 8, 1995, published Oct. 2,

Regarding dependent claim is adding the statement Other advantage appreciated as the same becomes the detailed description when considered wherein: ...; however, it is notorious that the transfer of the reference to the accompanying characteristics.

wman does not expressly disclose always

f the present invention will be readily

understood by reference to the following

onnection with the accompanying drawings

known to add a sentence similar to that as

ention will be better understood by

gs which illustrate presently preferred

lumn 6, lines 30-35.

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At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to add in a page of ph stating the advantages in the invention are better appreciated in the drawings. The of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because it is notoriously well known to add these types of statements to clarify the patent application and in addition it is a common practice among patent applications to add a second ment to that effect.

nclusion

- 7. The prior art made of record and ot relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - U.S. Patent No. 5,175,681
 - U.S. Patent No. 5,754,840
 - U.S. Patent No. 5,623,681
- 8. Any inquiry concerning this care unication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Grant C. ang whose telephone number is 703-305-1828. The examiner can normally be r. ched on Mon-Fri (8:30am-6pm) every other Fri off.

If attempts to reach the examinations by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Heather R Herndon can be a ached on 703-308-5186. The fax phone numbers for the organization where the application or proceeding is assigned are 703-746-7239 for regular communications and 703-746-7238 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-3900.

GY

March 28, 2002 ·

STEPHEN S. HONG

Attachment for PTO-948 (Rev. 03/01, or earlier) 6/18/01

The below text replaces the pre-printed text under the heading, "Information on How to Effect Drawing Changes," on the back of the PTO-948 (Rev. 03/01, or earlier) form.

INFORMATION ON HOW TO EFFECT DRAWING CHANGES

1. Correction of Informalities -- 37 CFR 1.85

New corrected drawings must be filed with the changes incorporated therein Identifying indicia, if provided, should include the title of the invention, inventor's name, and application number, or docket number (if any) if an application number has not been assigned to the application. If this information is provided, it must be placed on the front of each sheet and centered within the top margin. If corrected drawings are required in a Notice of Allowability (PTOL-37), the new drawings MUST be filed within the THREE MONTH shortened statutory period set for reply in the Notice of Allowability. Extensions of time may NOT be obtained under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a) or (b) for filing the corrected drawings after the mailing of a Notice of Allowability. The drawings should be filed as a separate paper with a transmittal letter addressed to the Official Draftsperson.

2. Corrections other than Informalities Noted by Draftsperson on form PTO-948.

All changes to the drawings, other than informalities noted by the Draftsperson. MUST be made in the same manner as above except that, normally, a highlighted (preferably red ink) sketch of the changes to be incorporated into the new drawings MUST be approved by the examiner before the application will be allowed. No changes will be permitted to be made, other than correction of informalities, unless the examiner has approved the proposed changes.

Timing of Corrections

Applicant is required to submit the drawing corrections within the time period set in the attached Office communication. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Failure to take corrective action within the set period will result in **ABANDONMENT** of the application.